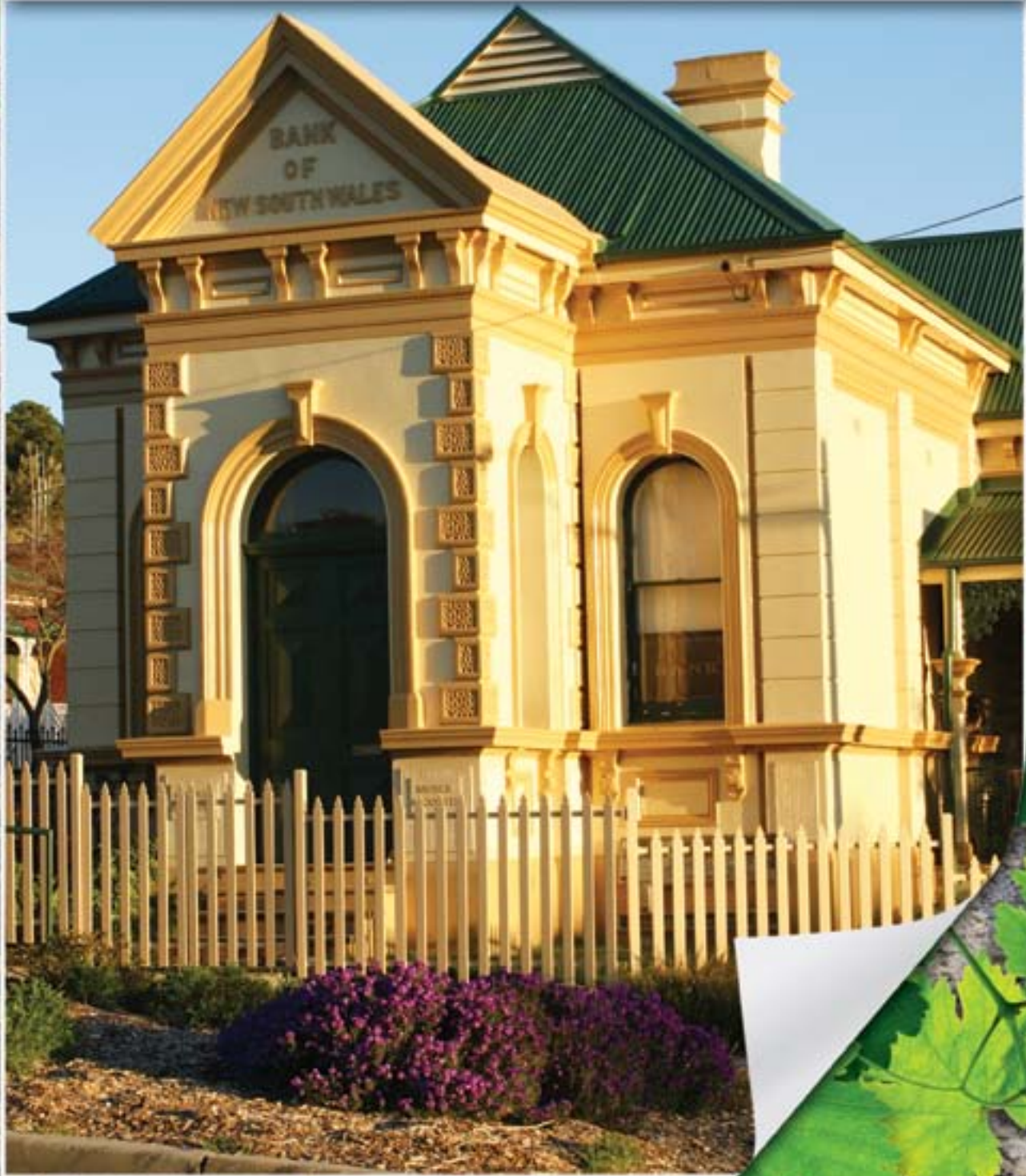


MILLTHORPE

VILLAGE WALKS



MILLTHORPE
HERITAGE WITH STYLE



1. PUBLIC SCHOOL



This School replaced a small gum slab building located on the edge of town. In 1872, the Council of Education chose this present site for a new school. In 1875 a combined school and residence was constructed for 1,080 pounds. On the 3rd January 1876, this unique bluestone building was completed. The School Teacher, Mr William Webb and his family were the first to occupy the residence.

5. CEMETERY & LOOKOUT / JOHN LISTER'S GRAVE



The first burial in this Cemetery was a young girl in 1867. The cemetery contains the last resting place for many Millthorpe and district pioneering families and their descendants. Take time to wander around the many unique headstones and perhaps you might find one of your ancestors. A most interesting burial is John Lister, the co-discoverer of payable gold at Ophir. His headstone and grave can be found in the Anglican portion.

2. GOLDEN MEMORIES MUSEUM



The Good Templars Hall was built in 1881 as a meeting place for the Good Templars Society. It was built from public money collected in the local district. It has been a public meeting place for local Lodges,

concerts, dances, wedding receptions, court house, Church hall and now a Museum. Note the front of this imposing building with its carved barge board, double door entrance and blind windows.

The St Joseph's School was built in 1922 at a cost of 943 pounds. It closed in November 1969 ending 47 years of religious and academic instruction. It was purchased by the Historical Society in 1970 and became known as the Pioneers Gallery exhibition area. Make a special visit to view the six exhibition buildings on the history of Millthorpe.

6. ST CANICE'S CATHOLIC CHURCH



The foundation stone for St Canice's Church was laid in June 1903. This handsome brick Church was opened on the 12th June 1904 by Bishop Dunne. It was built at a cost of 603 pounds with funds from local donors. The walls are 356mm (14 inches) thick and the church seats 200 people.

3. REDMOND OVAL



Redmond Oval was dedicated on the 16th October 1958 and named after Daniel Redmond - an outstanding citizen of Millthorpe. He was a lover of sports and highly involved in local organisations.

Take time to inspect the Memorial Wall and Entrance Gates commemorating Millthorpe and District citizens involved in all conflicts since the Sudan War

(1885). Inspect the Rotunda which was a favourite venue for the Millthorpe Band. Take advantage of all the other wonderful facilities in this Park, such as the Children's Playground, Skate/BMX Park, Free Gas BBQ's, Public Toilets, Tennis Courts and Cricket Nets.

7. GREAT WESTERN MILL



The Mill was built in 1884 for the processing of flour and operated until 1962. The Great Western Milling Company was formed by local shareholders and became one of the biggest millers in the State employing many local people. This impressive mill building was demolished in 1974.

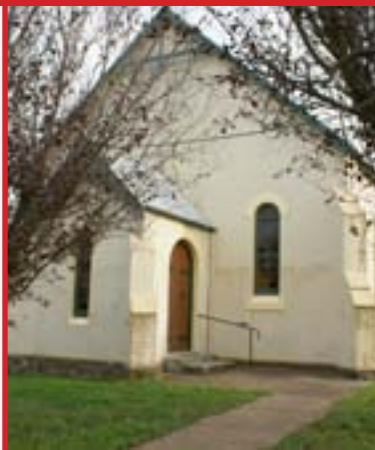
4. ST MARK'S ANGLICAN CHURCH (OLD AND NEW)



The first St Mark's Anglican Church (behind the present Church) was built in 1878 in a Romanesque style. Unique aspects of this structure are its brick work, distinctive arch over two round-headed windows and a rosette window on the west end. The original bell tower was struck by lightning in 1910 and not

rebuilt until 1978. It is now used as a Parish Hall. On the 24th November 1909, a larger new blue stone church in a Gothic style was consecrated by Dr. Cambridge, Bishop of Bathurst. The people of Millthorpe raised 2,800 pounds for its construction. The architect was John Kenny and the builder was William Murray

8. MILLTHORPE UNITING CHURCH



The foundation stone for this Church was laid on the 11th April 1885. This simple Romanesque style Church was constructed of brick and laid in a Flemish bond on a bluestone base. The beautiful stained glass windows are a major feature of this building. It was officially opened on the 19th October 1885.

9. OLD BAPTIST CHURCH



The block of land purchased for the Baptist Church was formerly known as Billy Goat Hill, due to the many goats which roamed this area. This neatly constructed blue stone Church was built from locally quarried stone. The stonemason was William Murray and the Church was officially opened on the 4th March 1903 by the Rev Henry Clarke.

4. RAILWAY STATION



You are now 956 metres above sea level - the highest railway line point west of the Blue Mountains. This architecturally significant building is the only surviving example of a symmetrically designed station with a graceful street verandah in country NSW. The station opened in 1886 replacing a smaller temporary building built on the eastern bend in 1877. This station became a vibrant distribution centre to the nation for hay, chaff, potatoes, peas, fruit and wheat.

1. SCHOOL OF ARTS



The School of Arts was built in 1897 to provide a public library and venue for visiting lecturers. Also used as a public meeting place for the Ancient Order of Druids, concerts, weddings, parties and a playgroup centre.

Constructed from bricks on a substantial bluestone foundation, it is described as a Victorian Free Classical Style building. Note the interesting symmetrical elaborate facade with a recessed porch and three paneled doors with decorative cast knobs.

5. MILL GREEN



This public space was established to beautify a neglected area from funds raised by the Garden Ramble Committee with support from Blayney Shire Council. Note the Plane Tree and garden seat erected in memory of Independent Member for Calare and resident of Millthorpe – Peter Andren.

2. POST OFFICE



A town petition was organised to have mail delivered directly to Millthorpe and not to the Old Guyong Inn. The Post Office opened at the School House, moved to the Railway Station and later to a Park St cottage. In 1894, the present site was purchased for a Post Office and residence. In 1902, a brick extension was constructed but replaced by the present Post Office in 1927.

6. GRAND WESTERN LODGE



The Grand Western Lodge was built in 1901 by Joseph Wells for John Frape. It was constructed for the many visitors attending ploughing demonstrations and other competitions during the heyday of Millthorpe. It is a good example of an Edwardian pub with its substantial double storey brick construction, extensive lace verandah and its unique keyhole leadlight windows.

3. ROSEBANK



In 1887, the Bank of NSW purchased this prominent corner block for a new Bank. In 1902, this impressive Bank and adjoining manager's residence was constructed for 2,707 pounds and designed by architect, Frederick Jenkins. Since the Bank closed in 1981, this building has been used as a private home and a Bed and Breakfast.

7. PYM STREET SHOPS



Pym Street was the main shopping area containing a large variety of shops, such as General stores, tailor, newsagent, baker, barber, boot maker, butcher, menswear, greengrocer, tea rooms and billiard rooms. Unique features of this street are the bluestone curb and guttering, hitching rings and the 'ascending march of verandahs up Pym Street'.

To Orange

To Blayney

To Bathurst

To Forest Reefs

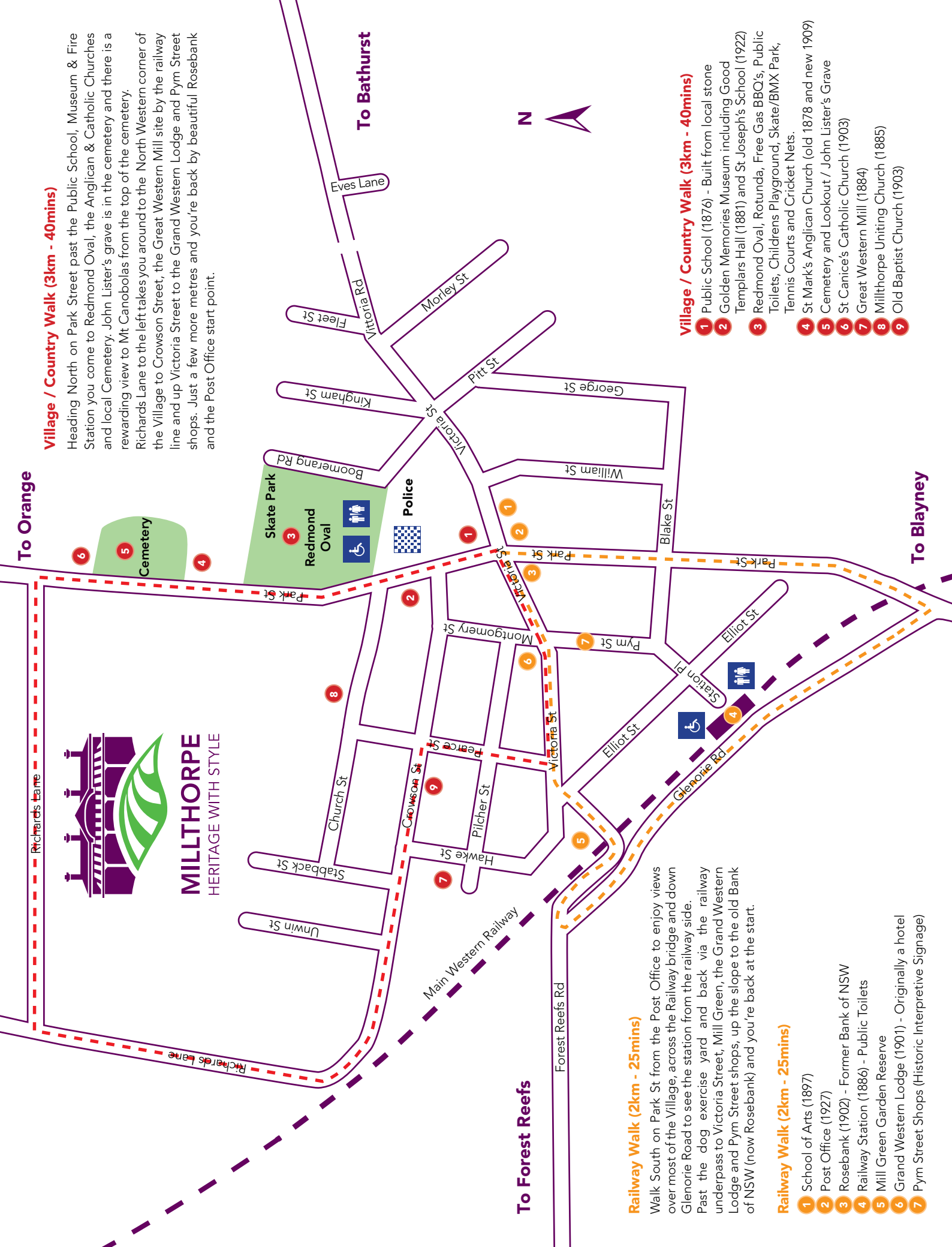
Village / Country Walk (3km - 40mins)

Heading North on Park Street past the Public School, Museum & Fire Station you come to Redmond Oval, the Anglican & Catholic Churches and local Cemetery. John Lister's grave is in the cemetery and there is a rewarding view to Mt Canobolas from the top of the cemetery. Richards Lane to the left takes you around to the North Western corner of the Village to Crowson Street, the Great Western Mill site by the railway line and up Victoria Street to the Grand Western Lodge and Pym Street shops. Just a few more metres and you're back by beautiful Rosebank and the Post Office start point.



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HERITAGE WITH STYLE



Railway Walk (2km - 25mins)

Walk South on Park St from the Post Office to enjoy views over most of the Village, across the Railway bridge and down Glenorie Road to see the station from the railway side. Past the dog exercise yard and back via the railway underpass to Victoria Street, Mill Green, the Grand Western Lodge and Pym Street shops, up the slope to the old Bank of NSW (now Rosebank) and you're back at the start.

Railway Walk (2km - 25mins)

- 1 School of Arts (1897)
- 2 Post Office (1927)
- 3 Rosebank (1902) - Former Bank of NSW
- 4 Railway Station (1886) - Public Toilets
- 5 Mill Green Garden Reserve
- 6 Grand Western Lodge (1901) - Originally a hotel
- 7 Pym Street Shops (Historic Interpretive Signage)

Village / Country Walk (3km - 40mins)

- 1 Public School (1876) - Built from local stone
- 2 Golden Memories Museum including Good Templars Hall (1881) and St. Joseph's School (1922)
- 3 Redmond Oval, Rotunda, Free Gas BBQ's, Public Toilets, Childrens Playground, Skate/BMX Park, Tennis Courts and Cricket Nets.
- 4 St Mark's Anglican Church (old 1878 and new 1909)
- 5 Cemetery and Lookout / John Lister's Grave
- 6 St Canice's Catholic Church (1903)
- 7 Great Western Mill (1884)
- 8 Millthorpe Uniting Church (1885)
- 9 Old Baptist Church (1903)